Gemini Observatory Update

Eric Tollestrup – Associate Director for Development
Scot Kleinman – Instrument Program Scientist
Chris Packham – Gemini Science Committee
Doug Simons - Director



- Recent Science Highlights
- > Transition Plan Summary
- > Instrumentation
- > Future Collaboration Opportunities



GEMINI Measuring the Mass of the Black Hole in M87

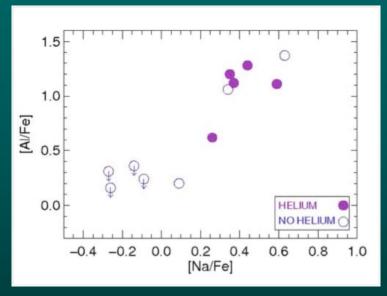
- * Result announced last week at the AAS meeting
- ***** Gephardt et al. used NIFS at Gemini-N and VIRUS-P at McDonald to evaluate the various mass contributors to M87
 - * AO fed NIFS used to measure dynamics of stars in BH vicinity
 - ***** VIRUS-P used to measure dark matter contribution in halo
- BH mass: 6.6x10⁹ M_{sun}
 - * Largest BH in our "neighborhood"

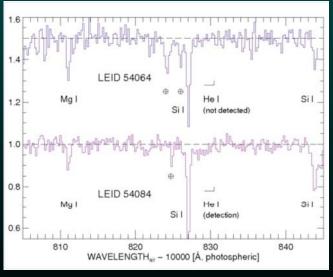




Evidence of Multiple Stellar Populations in a Globular Cluster

- Dupree et al. (2010) used PHOENIX on Gemini-S to record high-res NIR spectra of many stars in Omega Centauri
- * Found that helium abundance is correlated with overall metal abundance and especially with enhancement of light elements such as Al & Na
- * Helium enhancement is interpreted to be a consequence of second-generation stars formed from enriched material processed by an earlier generation of stars







GEMINI Jupiter's Southern Equatorial Belt Reemerging?

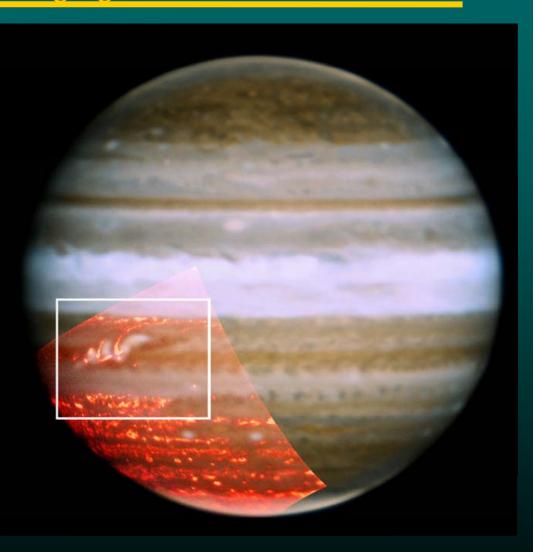
Jupiter's SEB Outbreak **Gemini North/NIRI** 18 Nov 2010

2.12 µm

1.69 µm

4.68 µm







GEMINI A Very Cool, Nearby Brown OBSERVATORY Dwarf



Image from the UKIRT Infrared Deep Sky Survey



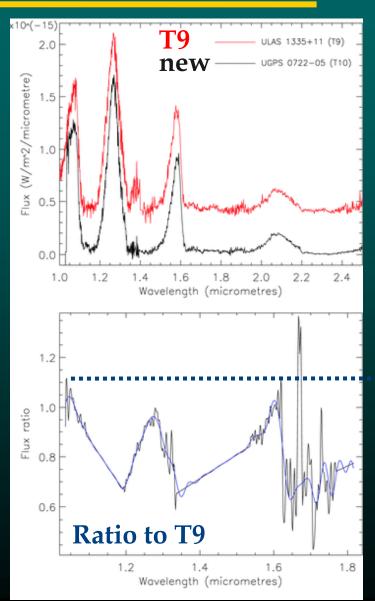
A Very Cool, Nearby Brown Dwarf

- * Isolated brown dwarf UGPS 0722-05
- Compared with T9 -
 - ***** Deeper absorption troughs
 - **\star** Extreme colors \rightarrow coolest BD

$$T_{\rm eff} = 520 \text{ K}$$

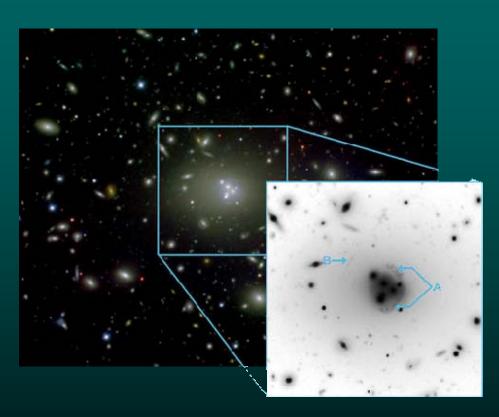
$$L = 9x10^{-7} L_{\odot}$$

Closest known isolated BD





GEMINI The Most Massive Galaxy?



Carrasco et al. 2010

- **★** In Abell 3827
- ***** cD galaxy mass
- * From gravitational lens: $M \sim 10^{13} M_{\odot}$
- *10 times X-ray mass
- Ongoing merger with 5 nuclei visible



MGEMINI Transition Proposal

- Recently released for comment Gemini's "Transition Proposal" in response to Gemini Board's Nov. 2009 directive to "compile an executable operations plan that involves a reduction of 7% to 10% per annum in current O&M expenditures, base-lined to the 2009 revised budget ... that shall be phased into place during the period 2011 through 2013."
- * This was in response to the UK (STFC's) withdrawal of funding from a number of ground based astronomy facilities

DRAFT

A Plan for Gemini Observatory **Operations Through 2015**

> Submitted to the Gemini Board by the Gemini Observatory

> > August 2010





GEMINI Boundary Conditions

Priorities

- To deliver and operate high Fqtualet Partsten Contribution UK Withdraw
 - To provide a high fraction of queue operations with appropriate data quality control, data products, and completion fraction
 - * To have the ability to remotely operate the telescopes
 - * To better interface with the partner community

Priorities

Gemini Board



- **Essential component** in observatory's future
- Blend of workhorse imagers & spectrometers plus leading edge technologies (AO)
- Replace aging instruments, keeping pace with science trends and enabling technologies
- Coordinate development plans with other facilities



- **Require long-term** affordable and sustainable operations model
- Blend of classical and queue operations demonstrated to -
 - Match historic demands from the community between classical/queue
 - Segue to ever growing synoptic/ToO programs
 - Optimally use laser AO
- Nurture time swaps with other facilities, linking with "system" to maximize overall access for community



* Laser AO at both sites will be preserved, consistent with Gemini's design strength of high performance NIR imaging





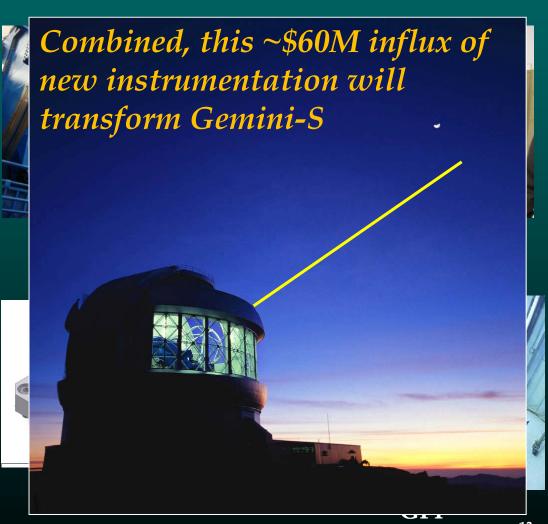


***** 2011

- ***** Commissioning **FLAMINGOS-2**
 - NIR Multi-object spectrometer & imager
- Commissioning GeMS/GSAOI
 - **■** Multi-conjugate laser AO system plus large format AO imager

№ 2012

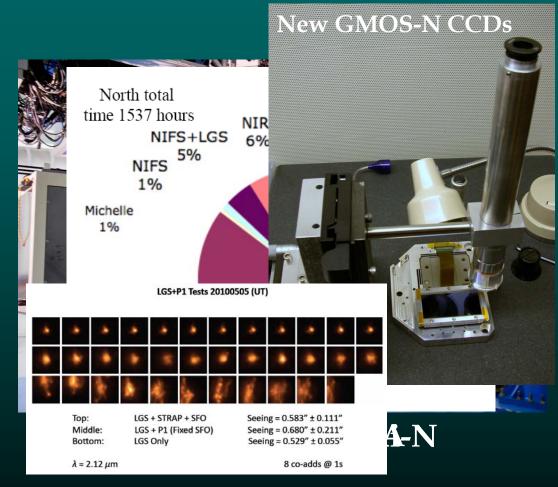
- ***** Commissioning Gemini Planet Imager
- ***** Possible CCD upgade for GMOS





***** 2010

- ***** GNIRS operational
 - **■** Science Verification interest was strong with 44 proposals submitted
- **★** In 2011A, the first semester GNIRS was offered, ~1/3 of the time allocated at Gemini-N is going to GNIRS
- ***** 2011
 - ***** GMOS-N CCD Upgrade
 - * All-sky laser AO mode for NIFS

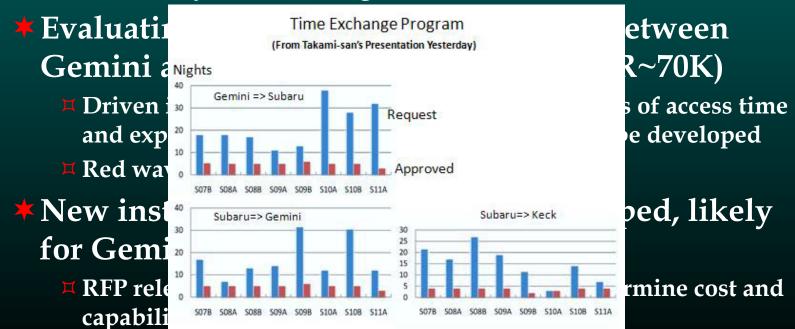


All-sky laser AO for NIFS



GEMINI New Instrument Development

- * High Resolution Optical Spectroscopy
 - *****HDS
 - Would like to increase demand/access to this instrument but its access to the Gemini community is limited by constraints of the time exchange program and HDS alone will likely not be enough to meet Gemini demand





- Beyond high-res optical spectroscopy, we are examining options to start other new instruments as part of our new budget
 - **Planning start-ups of new instruments through 2015**
 - ***** Anticipate \$4-5M/yr for new instruments
- * Will be discussed during the next Gemini Science Committee meeting in April (Hilo)
 - * Would like Japanese involvement in that meeting to help define Subaru/Gemini community interests and identify development collaboration opportunities
- Some possibilities include -
 - ***** Ground Layer AO system (GLAO)
 - New wide field/AO NIR imager
 - ***** High-res NIR spectrometer
 - ***** X-shooter like instrument



GEMINI MIR Consolidation

- * As part of reducing our costs Gemini will likely consolidate its MIR capabilities on a single telescope
 - ***** MIR capabilities are fairly complex and expensive to maintain (chopping)
 - ***** Demand has been historically small compared to other instruments/modes offered, so hard to justify investment at current levels given our budget constraints
 - ***** Balancing "4+AO" on each telescope, combined with the superiority of Mauna Kea as a MIR site, leads to Gemini-N being the preferred site of future MIR capabilities at Gemini
 - Not clear yet if we would use MICHELLE or T-ReCS at Gemini-N
 - ***** Debated within GSC and aware of implications for MIR science at Gemini-S (ALMA follow-up)
 - □ Significant overlap in sky coverage between Gemini-N/S will help mitigate this



Forward Look at Instrument Deployment

Possible Instrument Line Up (~2012)

Gemini-N	Gemini-S
GNIRS (available 2011A)	FLAMINGOS-2 (starting 2011)
GMOS-N (upgraded 2011A)	GMOS-S (upgraded 2011?)
NIFS	GSAOI (commissioned 2011)
T-ReCS or MICHELLE ?	NICI (replaced by GPI in 2012)
ALTAIR (replace 've GeMS-N or GLAO?)	GeMS

- Note that NIRI is not on this list, will decommission in a few years
- Will seek GSC endorsement of replacement GN instrument (NIR imager?) at the next GSC meeting

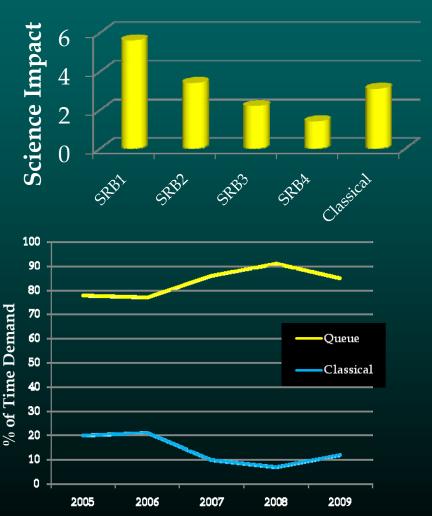


Blend of Operating Modes Remain in Gemini's Future

- * A blend of classical and queue based operations will be provided, recognizing the attributes and historic demands of both approaches
- * To reduce costs Gemini's queue will be run primarily with non-research staff
 - * Reduced PhD core will handle queue coordination and classical programs

 We will be developing
- * We will be developing innovative modes in the future as well...

Science Impact vs. TAC Ranking





Keck

- Waimea remote op's
- •California remote Op's
- Staff on mountain

CFHT

- Remote op's from Waimea since 1 Jan 2011
- No staff on mountain

IRTF

- Remote op's via VPN from essentially anywhere
- Staff on mountain

UKIRT

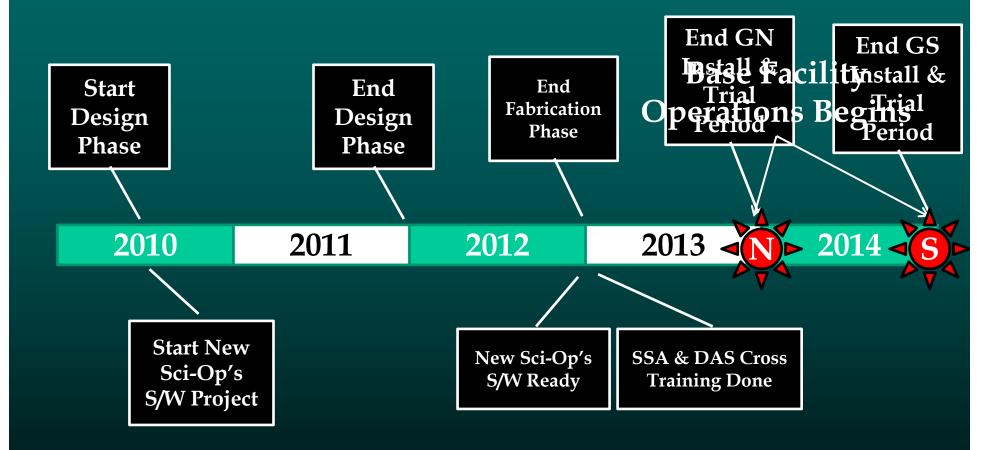
- Remote op's from Waimea since 1 Jan 2011
- No staff on mountain

UH 88"

- Honolulu/Hilo remote op's
- No staff on mountain



GEMINI Nominal Timeline for Developing Rase Facil Developing Base Facility Op's





Eavesdropping, Remote Observing, & Building Community Bridges





GEMINI OBSERVATORY

Exploring the Universe, Sharing its Wonders

